

2023

Time - 3 hours

Full Marks - 60

Answer all groups as per instructions.

Figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

*Candidates are required to answer
in their own words as far as practicable.*

Draw labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

GROUP – A

1. Fill in the blanks. (all) [1 × 8]
- (a) The cell membrane in fungi contains _____ in place of cholesterol.
- (b) The fungus which shows both sexual and asexual method of reproduction is _____.
- (c) Cell wall in fungi is composed of a polymer called _____.
- (d) When a portion of thallus take part in reproduction, then the thallus is called _____.
- (e) When a disease occurs in very irregular manner or in few instances is called _____.

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- (f) When an endemic spreads over continent and involves mass mortality, the disease is said to be _____.
- (g) Phytoalexins are produced by _____.
- (h) Extreme chlorosis in a plant is also called _____.

GROUP – B

2. Write notes on any eight of the following within two to three sentences each. [1½ × 8

- (a) Edaphic factors on disease
- (b) Disease cycle
- (c) Biological control agents
- (d) Biotroph
- (e) Disease triangle
- (f) Endemic disease
- (g) Facultative saprotrophs
- (h) Systemic fungus
- (i) Chemical component of cell wall
- (j) Dikaryotic life cycle

[3]

GROUP – C

3. Write notes on any eight of the following within 75 words each.

[2 × 8

- (a) Sclerotia
- (b) Rhizomorph
- (c) Predacious fungi
- (d) Heterothallism
- (e) Integrated disease management
- (f) Quarantine
- (g) Components of disease
- (h) Fermentation
- (i) Biofertilizers
- (j) Fungi in beer wine production

GROUP – D

4. Answer any four of the following questions within 500 words each.

- (a) Discuss the role of fungi in pharmaceutical preparation and agriculture. [6
- (b) Describe the methods of cultivation of mushrooms. [6

P.T.O.

[4]

- (c) What do you mean by disease ? Give a classification of plant diseases. [6]
- (d) Give an account of host-pathogen relationship. [6]
- (e) Describe the life cycle, ecology and classification of Phytophthora. [6]
- (f) Describe about life cycle, ecology and classification of Puccinia. [6]

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GROUP – A

1. Fill in the blanks. (all) [1 × 8]
- (a) The group of plants having archegonia are called _____.
- (b) _____ put forth a classification of Archegoniates.
- (c) Spores fully coated with a biologically degradable compound is called _____.
- (d) Development of sporophyte directly from a gametophyte without intervention of sex organs and gametes are called _____.
- (e) Reproduction taking place in roots or leaves is _____.
- (f) In case of ferns when the leaf gaps overlap the vascular strands the stele is called _____.

[2]

- (g) In gymnosperms, the leaves which are larger in size are called _____.
- (h) In Cycas, the lateral roots are modified and give rise to dwarf coral like masses are called _____.

GROUP – B

2. Write notes on any eight of the following within two to three sentences each. [1½ × 8

- (a) Origin of land plants
- (b) Alternation of generations
- (c) Transition to land habits
- (d) Homospory
- (e) Sporangium
- (f) Rhizophore
- (g) Strobilus
- (h) Ovule of Gnetum
- (i) Male cone of Ginkgo
- (j) Stele

[3]

GROUP – C

3. Write notes on any eight of the following within 75 words each.

[2 × 8

- (a) Heterospory
- (b) Haplontic life cycle
- (c) Transformation theory
- (d) Mature prothallus
- (e) Vegetative propagation
- (f) Stem anatomy of Lepidodendron
- (g) Poleo-ecology of Rhynia
- (h) Sterigmata
- (i) Ovule of Cycas
- (j) Heterospory
- (k) Geological history of Calamites

GROUP – D

4. Answer any four of the following questions within 500 words each.

- (a) Describe the anatomical features of Lyginopteris. [6

P.T.O.

[4]

- (b) Write an essay on general characteristic features of Pteridophytes. [6]
- (c) Describe the ecology, habitat, distribution and vegetative structure of Selaginella. [6]
- (d) Describe the evolution and alternation of generations in Archegoniates. [6]
- (e) Describe the morphological features of Pinus sporophyte. [6]
- (f) Ginkgo is a living fossil. Justify the statement. [6]

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GROUP – A

1. Answer all questions and fill in blanks as required. [1 × 8]
- (a) Viruses are _____ parasites.
- (b) Bacteria which is in association with legume roots are called _____.
- (c) _____ pigment is present in the root nodule of leguminous plants for growth of bacteria.
- (d) 'Agar Agar' is obtained from _____.
- (e) Which alga serves as a biofertilizer in the field ?
- (f) Who discovered bacteria ?

[2]

- (g) In Polysiphonia, asexual reproduction takes place by means of non-motile haploid _____.
- (h) Which fungus is edible ?

GROUP – B

2. Explain any eight of the following within two to three sentences each. [1½ × 8

- (a) Plant diseases caused by bacteria
- (b) Symbiotic bacterium
- (c) Name two species of bacteria useful in vinegar industry.
- (d) T.M.V.
- (e) Symbiosis
- (f) Conjugation
- (g) Give the name of one foliose lichen.
- (h) Fungal component of lichen belongs to class ?
- (i) Bacteriophage
- (j) Name two algae in the production of antibiotics.

[3]

GROUP – C

3. Write notes on any eight of the following within 75 words each.

[2 × 8

- (a) Vegetative structure of Chlamydomonas
- (b) Economic importance of algae
- (c) Transformation
- (d) Lytic life cycle
- (e) DNA virus
- (f) Internal structure of lichen thallus
- (g) Importance of bacteria in industries
- (h) Nitrogen fixation
- (i) Replication of virus
- (j) Nutrition in Algae

GROUP – D

4. Answer any four of the following questions within 500 words each.

- (a) Write about discovery, general structure and replication of virus. [6
- (b) Write about the vegetative, asexual and recombination in bacteria. [6

P.T.O.

[4]

- (c) Write briefly about the life history of Polysiphonia. [6]
- (d) Write about general characters, ecology and range of thallus organisation of Puccinia. [6]
- (e) Write about the classification, range of thallus structure, anatomy and reproduction of Funaria. [6]
- (f) Write about heterospory and seed habit in Selaginella. [6]